

Tolerance Stack-Up

Mechanical Engineering

Why tolerances add along a chain, and what statistical stacking assumes.

Tolerances along a chain of features add up, and the resulting gap can be far looser than any single one.

Worst case: add them · Statistical: $\sqrt{(\text{sum of squares})}$

Four parts at ± 0.1 each

All at one limit.

Worst case ± 0.4

Same four, statistical

Root sum of squares.

About ± 0.2

Need a tighter gap

Fewer joints, less stack.

Shorten the chain

THE COMMON MISTAKE

✗ **Using the statistical method on a two-part stack**

✓ **It needs many independent parts**

Root sum of squares assumes several parts varying independently and normally. On a short chain, or a biased process, it under-predicts the spread.

Better still, design so the stack does not matter: locate every part from one datum rather than part to part.