

Kirchhoff's two laws written in the sign convention circuit analysis actually uses.

Currents leaving a node sum to zero; voltages around any closed loop sum to zero.

$$\Sigma i(\text{leaving node}) = 0 \cdot \Sigma v(\text{around loop}) = 0$$

3 A in, 1 A out

Charge conserved.

2 A in the third branch

Loop with a 10 V source

Energy conserved.

Drops sum to 10 V

n nodes

One node is datum.

n – 1 equations

THE COMMON MISTAKE

✗ **Flipping the loop direction part-way through**

✓ **One direction and one sign rule for every loop**

The signs encode energy gained against energy lost. Changing convention mid-problem produces equations that contradict each other.

Both laws hold instantaneously, for any waveform, linear or not. They are conservation of charge and of energy.