

Gear Trains

Mechanical Engineering

Working out an overall ratio, including the idler that trips everyone.

Count teeth, never diameters, and track direction as you go.

1

Take each mesh in turn

Ratio of a mesh is driven teeth over driving teeth.

2

Multiply the meshes

The overall ratio is the product of the individual stages.

3

Ignore idlers for ratio

An idler changes direction only; its tooth count cancels out.

4

Track the direction

External mesh reverses; internal mesh keeps the same sense.

5

Convert to torque

Torque rises by the ratio; power stays, less the losses.

Epicyclic trains do not follow this at all. Use the tabular method or Willis' equation for those.