

Compound Interest

Money

Why the same monthly amount is worth vastly more when it starts earlier.

Interest earns interest. Growth is exponential in time, so years matter more than amounts.

$$A = P (1 + r/n)^{(nt)}$$

£100/month at 7% for 10 years

≈ £17,300

You paid in £12,000.

The same for 20 years

≈ £52,000

Double the time, triple the result.

The same for 30 years

≈ £122,000

Triple the time, seven times the result.

THE COMMON MISTAKE

✗ **Waiting until you can afford to save more**

✓ **Starting small now and increasing later**

Ten years lost at the beginning cannot be bought back at the end. The early money compounds for the longest.

Illustrative figures at a constant 7%. Real returns vary and can be negative. Education, not advice.